YEAR 7 FRENCH IMMERSION: Protègez Moi! (Animal Conservation and Protection)

Achievement Standard:

By the end of Year 8, students use written and spoken French to interact with teachers, peers and others and to exchange experiences, opinions and views. They use descriptive and expressive language to talk and write about immediate environments, personal interests and feelings and technical language to discuss issues of wider interest (for example, les nouvelles téchnologies, les rapports entre les générations, le travail, la musique AS1). They ask, give and follow directions and instructions, using phrases such as prenez la deuxième rue à gauche ..., suivez le boulevard jusqu'à ... and choisissez la photo AS2. They locate and analyse information from different sources presenting it in modes and formats suitable for the intended audience. They use strategies such as emphasis, repetition and summary to support fluency and expression in shared reading, performances, discussions and debate AS3. They plan, draft and present imaginative, informative and persuasive texts, using simple and compound sentences to structure arguments and to explain or justify a position. Students use regular verbs in the passé composé form independently as well as high-frequency irregular verbs such as faire, être and avoir AS4. They use declarative, imperative and interrogative verbs in affirmative and negative forms. They interpret and translate language which has colloquial or cultural associations in either French or Australian English, providing alternative expressions when equivalence is not possible (for example, à tout à l'heure, good on yet less tout as tenses, genres, agreement AS6). They identify how language features such as vocabulary, tenor and register serve differe

Unit Specific Information

This unit is designed to be delivered as a continuation of the initial intensive introductory course for immersion students. Students will engage with this unit three periods a week for the term.

Thematically, students will study animals, their physical characteristics, and factors that contribute to species becoming endangered. Grammatically, students will focus on practicing and deepening their language abilities developed in Unit 01. Students will continue to have a particular emphasis on developing not only unit-specific vocabulary but also develop the phonological and grammatical awareness to produce language in both rehearsed and unrehearsed settings. Refer to guaranteed vocabulary and grammatical skills.

Assessment Details: Week 05 - Grammar Exam

Week 07 - Combination Response Exam

Week 10 – Extended Response Assignment

READING / VIEWING / LISTENING:

Core Text 1: Collection of authentic French texts in Unit 02 work booklet

COMPREHENSION SKILL FOCUS: Determining Importance



THINKING:

Understand, explain, construct, compare and constrast



WRITTEN / SPOKEN / MULTI-MODAL TEXT Collection of authentic French texts in Unit 02 work booklet

HIGHLY VALUED LANGUAGE FEATURE FOCUS: Elaborating clauses, nominalisation, and descriptive language

	rity Standards Use French to Exchange Information	French Grammatical Systems and Structures	Identify Relevant Information from Authentic Stimuli	
4	In addition to Score 03, I can independently construct and exchange language in non-formulaic settings	In addition to Score 03, I can manipulate French grammatical systems to create non-formulaic sentence structures	In addition to Score 03, I can manipulate information from authentic French stimuli to create my own language	
3	I can use a range of seen and unseen French sentence structures to exchange information through spoken and written means of communication			
2	 Perform basic processes including: using the appropriate register when exchanging information using descriptive and expressive language to talk about local and global issues communicating in face-to-face or online discussion and debate with social and environmental issues planning and participating in learning experiences that combine linguistic and cultural elements organising action-oriented projects using print, visual and digital resources to raise awareness, communicate concern or present a position 	 Perform basic processes including: using and understanding nouns marking plural forms understanding the form and function of subject pronouns je, tu, il, elle, vous, ils, and elles understanding that while some adjectives in French follow the noun some precede the noun understanding that adjectives agree in number and gender with the noun expressing ownership through the use of singular and plural possessive adjectives using the negative nepas in simple statements, questions and commands gaining awareness of simple and compound tenses building metalanguage to talk about grammar and vocabulary 	 Perform basic processes including: accessing, collating and analysing information collecting information on topics related to animal conservation listening to or viewing informative texts, noting key words, specialised terms or points of information to be reused in own constructions organising and presenting information to raise awareness or invite action in relation to social or community issues, using multimodal forms of presentation presenting findings related to the investigation of a social or cultural issue 	

Summative Assessment Overview:				
Task: Short Response	Task: Combination Response	Task: Extended Response		
Macros:	Macros:	Macros:		
- Reading	- Viewing	- Reading		
- Listening	- Writing	- Writing		
- Writing	- Speaking	- Listening		
	- Listening	- Speaking		
Cognitive Verb/s:	- Reading	- Viewing		
- Comprehend				
- Demonstrate	Cognitive Verb/s:	Cognitive Verb/s:		
- Identify	- Comprehend	- Generate		
- Construct	- Organise/Sequence/Structure	- Comprehend		
- Explain	- Demonstrate	- Construct		
- Justify	- Construct	- Create		
	- Explain	- Explain		
	- Justify	- Justify		
Guaranteed Question and Answer				

- Justify		- Justify		
Guaranteed Vocabulary:	Guaranteed Question and Answer Sets	Design Question Three/ Four Strategy	21st Century Skill:	
- Animals	There will be a move away from	DQ3 - AS 14 Reviewing Content	Collaboration:	
- Colours	Question and Answer Sets during this	DQ3 – AS 15 Organising Students to	- Relating to others (interacting with	
- Anatomical features	unit, as students will look at creating	Practice and Deepen their	others)	
- Habitats	language in less formulaic manners	Knowledge	- Recognising and using diverse	
		DQ3 - AS 16 Using Homework	perspectives	
		DQ3 – AS 19 Practicing Skills,	- Participating and contributing	
		Strategies and Processes	Creative Thinking:	
		DQ 3 - AS 20 Revising Knowledge	- Curiosity and imagination	
			- Creativity	
		Students will engage with all three	- Generating and applying new ideas	
		units simultaneously throughout the	Identifying alternatives	
		unit to solidify their knowledge and skills in French	- Seeing or making new links	
			Communication:	
		DQ 4 - AS 21 Organising Students for	- Effective oral and written	
		Cognitively Complex Tasks	communication	
		DQ 4 – AS 22 Engaging Students with	- Using language, symbols and texts	
		Cognitively Complex Tasks	- Communicating ideas effectively	
		DQ 4 - AS 22 Providing Resources	with diverse audiences	
		and Guidance		
			Personal and Social Skills:	
		Students will engage with cognitively	- Management	
		complex task that will involve them	- Character	

Guaranteed Skills/Language Features:	Reading Comprehension Skill and Strategy	using their language skills to form hypothesises and work collaboratively to problem solve. Cognitive Verbs	- Leadership - Citizenship - Cultural awareness ICT to Enhance Learning:
As per Unit 01, Students will additionally engage with the following guaranteed skills/ language features: - Adjectival Agreement - Comparative Adverbs - Superlative Adverbs - Superlative Adjectives - Negation (Word Order in Negative Forms) - Possessive Case - Adverbs (Types – Affirmation) - Adverbs (Types – Negation) - Adverbs (Types – Quantity) - Ordinal Numbers - Numbers (Fractions) - Irregular Verbs (Pouvoir/Devoir/Vouloir) - Adverbs (Types – Place) - Imperative	Making Inferences and Creating Mental Images Students will be explicitly taught strategies that enable them to effectively make inferences about the mean of seen and unseen language. The will look for like words to English and engage with pneumonic to help them deepen there understanding of written French texts. Similarly, the will demonstrate their understanding of such texts through creating mental images.	 Comprehend Demonstrate Identify Construct Explain Justify Organise/Sequence/ Structure Generate 	Students will engage with the following forms of ICT to support and enhance learning: - Computers - IPads - Apps (including but not limited to) - Duolingo - Memrise - Explain Everything - Splice Movie Maker - EPals - Boom Cards

Learning Goals:

Strands	Australian Curriculum Content Descriptors	School Specific Learning Goals
	Participate in a range of spoken and written interactions, for example, exchanging views or experiences, apologising or excusing, inviting or congratulating	 Students can use the appropriate register when exchanging greetings, introductions, apologies, excusing, inviting, or congratulating Students can use descriptive and expressive language to talk about aspects of school, home, and social life Students can communicate face-to-face about social and immediate environmental issues Students can compose formal and informal versions of written and spoken texts Students can take into account the context and the relationship of the personal they are exchanging information with
	Engage in tasks and activities that involve negotiation and problem-solving	 Students can plan and participate in imaginative learning experiences that combine linguistic and cultural elements Students can rehearse language forms, structures, vocabulary, and behaviours Students can ask, give, and follow directions to real and virtual locations Students ca rehearse language for negotiating, buying, swapping, and bargaining
cating	Interact in classroom activities and discussions through asking and responding to open-ended questions, offering opinions and explaining positions	 Students can initiate and extend conversation and discussion by using connectives Students can invite people into conversations and use expressions and non-verbal strategies or facial expressions to signify interest or attention Students can use simple and compound sentences to structure arguments and to explain or justify a position
Communicating	Access, summarise and analyse information from different sources relating to contemporary community and lifestyle issues	 Students can access, collate, and analyse information about themselves and their immediate environments from a wide variety of authentic sources Students can listen to or view informative texts, noting key words, specialised terms or points of information to be reused in their own written or spoken texts
	Organise and present information and ideas on different topics, issues or events, comparing perspectives and experiences	 Students can classify information obtained from different print and electronic resources Students can convey information and ideas by matching language features and text types to topics and themes
	Translate and interpret texts, compare own translation to classmates', and consider why there might be differences in interpretation and how language reflects elements of culture	 Students can interpret phrases that do not translate literally Students can identify similar English expressions and consider possible consequences for the lack of equivalence in terms of intercultural communication Students can use and evaluate translation resources Students can identify faux amis Students can identify that some words and expressions cannot be translated and that used in their original forms in other languages Students consider the impact of word borrowing on the style and effective communication
	Reflect on cultural differences between French and English communicative styles and on how these affect intercultural interactions	 Students can notice cultural cues that suggests difference in traditions, ideas or values when interacting with French speakers or resources Students can identify gestures, intonation patterns and facial expressions that are different in French
Unde rstan ding	Recognise individual elements of spoken and written words, phrases and non-verbal forms of	 Students can recognise the function and form of commonly used morphemes, suffixes and prefixes Students can collect groups of words that share common stem

expression, and notice how they combine to make or to change meaning	 Students can recognise the impact of non-verbal elements of French expression such as hand gestures can replace words, or sound and facial expressions to reinforce spoken language. Students can revise the pronunciation of the alphabet practising spelling out words and using the correct term for letters and symbols (including accents) Students can distinguish vowel sounds (recognising distinctions between nasal vowel sounds)
Understand and control additional elements of French grammar such as compound tenses, irregular and reflexive verb forms, verb moods and modalities	 Students can conjugate regular verbs in the present tense Students can conjugate high-frequency irregular verbs Students can recognise and use idiomatic expressions Students can understand the form and function of reflective verbs Students can extend their knowledge of negative constructions Students can use metalanguage describe grammatical concepts and organise learning resources
Analyse the structure and organisation of a range of texts created for purposes such as information exchange or social interaction	 Students can identify elements of different types of texts Students can explain the relationship between the language and structure used Students can identify and explain the purpose of the text Students can identify key features and functions of texts Students can analyse and use informal styles of communication
Examine how elements of communication such as gestures, facial expressions and choice of language vary according to context and situation	 Students can compare and explain the use of communicative styles in different contexts Students can analyse the role of formulaic language Students can compare elements of communication such as body language, use of personal space and silence in different contexts

Possible Habit of Mind: PERSISTENCE				
Exploring Meaning of the HOM	Expanding Capacity for using	Increasing Alertness for the	Extending Values of the HOM	Building Commitment
Persistence: Students will	the HOM	НОМ	By the end of this unit,	towards the HOM
engage with the HOM of	Students will interact with	Given the school wide	students will be able to	Students' commitment to the
persistence in their initial CLIL	cognitively complex task that	embedding of growth	engage with cognitively	HOM of persistence is innately
unit.	require them to preserve and	mindset as a wellbeing	complex tasks with a growth	linked to their work with
	exercise persistence.	program, the HOM –	mindset, given the	grown mindset.
		Persistence is innately alert in	underpinning of the unit's	
		students learning practices.	HOM	

General Capabilities: This unit provides opportunities for students to engage in following capabilities: ICT Literacy Personal and social capability Applying social and ethical protocols and √ Self-awareness √ Comprehending texts through listening, reading √ Self-management practices when using ICT √ Social awareness √ Investigating with ICT and viewing √ Social management √ Composing texts through speaking, writing and √ Creating with ICT Communicating with ICT √ Ethical understanding creating √ Text knowledge Managing and operating ICT √ Understanding ethical concepts and issues $\sqrt{}$ Reasoning in decision making and actions √ Grammar knowledge √ Critical and creative thinking √ Word knowledge √ Inquiring - identifying, exploring and organising √ Exploring values, rights and responsibilities √ Visual knowledae √ Intercultural understanding information and ideas $\sqrt{\text{Recognising culture}}$ and developing respect √ Generating ideas, possibilities and actions √ Reflecting on thinking and processes $\sqrt{1}$ Interacting and empathising with others Numeracy Analysing, synthesising and evaluating √ Reflecting on intercultural experiences and reasoning and procedures taking responsibility Estimating and calculating with whole numbers √ Recognising and using patterns and relationships $\sqrt{}$ Using fractions, decimals, percentages, ratios and rates √ Using spatial reasoning √ Interpreting statistical information √ Using measurement

Differentiation [for small groups or individuals]:

Students engaging within this unit and program are from a variety of streams, including Academic Excellence. Allowances and differentiation will be made at an individual teacher level to ensure that these students are properly extended and challenged in depth of skills. Support of a SLA will allow for this differentiation.

Also, students engaging with this program who are case managed by the SEP will have their modified assessment verified by their Case Manager in the SEP unit. Classroom teachers will make individual modifications for case manager students' needs and liaise heavily with their Auslan Interpreter.

Teachers can use the Australian Curriculum: Languages flexibly to meet the individual learning needs of gifted and talented students.

Teachers can enrich learning by providing students with opportunities to work with learning area content in more depth or breadth; emphasising specific aspects of the general capabilities learning continua (for example, the higher order cognitive skills of the Critical and creative thinking capability); and/or focusing on cross-curriculum priorities. Teachers can also accelerate student learning by drawing on content from later levels in the Australian Curriculum: Languages and/or from local state and territory teaching and learning materials.